Benzo(a)Pyrene Hexachlorobenzene

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B(a)P and HCB Challenges

United States

"Seek by 2006, reductions in releases that are within, or have the potential to enter, the Great Lakes Basin, of HCB and B(a)P from sources resulting from human activities"

Canada

"Seek by 2000, a 90% reduction in releases of HCB and B(a)P resulting from human activities in the Great Lakes basin, consistent with the Canada Ontario Agreement"





Accomplishments Estimated Reductions (since ~ 1988):

Canada: (Great Lakes)

- HCB ~ 65% reduction
- B(a)P ~ 48% reduction

United States:

- HCB (nationally) ~ 90% reduction from chlorinated solvents and pesticide manufacturing
- B(a)P (Great Lakes) ~ 65% reduction from coke ovens and an over 90% reduction from primary aluminum reduction plants and petroleum refineries





Accomplishments: Recent Canadian Progress

- 60 "Burn it Smart!" wood stove workshops were conducted in 32 Ontario communities. Approximately 1300 people attended.
- Developing vehicle emissions inventory for Ontario
- Canada Ontario Agreement renewed Harmful Pollutants Annex draft workplans developed for additional reduction efforts
- Companies and Pest Management Review Agency provided preliminary estimates of HCB concentrations in pesticides





Overview of Canadian B(a)P and HCB Reductions

B(a)P:

- Residential Wood Combustion: Stove change-out and outreach impacting on releases (Burn it Smart! workshops)
- Iron and Steel: Voluntary agreements and new SOP sector codes of practice bringing about significant reductions
- Wood Preservation: New SOP codes of practice being implemented at creosote facilities

HCB:

- Chemical production facilities in Ontario reporting little HCB release
- Pesticide Sector: Continue review underway to determine significance of trace HCB levels in some pest control products.
- Implementation of new mercury Canada Wide Standards for incinerators (municipal, hazardous, sewage sludge and biomedical wastes) also reducing HCB





Accomplishments: Recent United States Progress

- Wood Stove Change-out Programs with Hearth Products
 Association completed in 12 States
- Discussions with the scrap tire sector to reduce fires
- Steps 1, 2 and 3 reports have been completed and posted on the Web Site; Addendum to the HCB Steps 1 & 2 reports drafted to include 1996 NTI information
- Disputed HCB emission levels from utility coal combustion and tire manufacturing have been resolved
- Test results reveal that petroleum refineries are no longer significant B(a)P sources
- Several chemical companies have greatly reduced or eliminated their HCB emissions
- Primary Aluminum B(a)P emissions have been controlled from sources around the Great Lakes





Overview of U.S. B(a)P and HCB Reductions

B(a)P:

- Residential Wood Combustion: Steady decrease in emissions due to change-out programs and outreach
- Petroleum refining: Test data indicates that this is no longer a significant source
- Coke Ovens: Continued decrease in emissions
- Primary Aluminum- Alcoa's Warrick Plant reduced emissions over 95%

HCB:

- Albermarle Corp. PDC, LA: Air releases reduced from 111 lbs/yr to zero
- Dow, Texas: Air releases reduced from 118 lbs/yr to 22 lbs/yr
- Dow, LA: Air releases decreased from 265 lbs/yr to 52 lbs/yr
- Vulcan Materials, LA: Water releases decreased from 7 lbs/yr to 2 lbs/yr





Major Source Sectors

B(a)P:

- Coke ovens
- Wood preservation
- Residential wood combustion

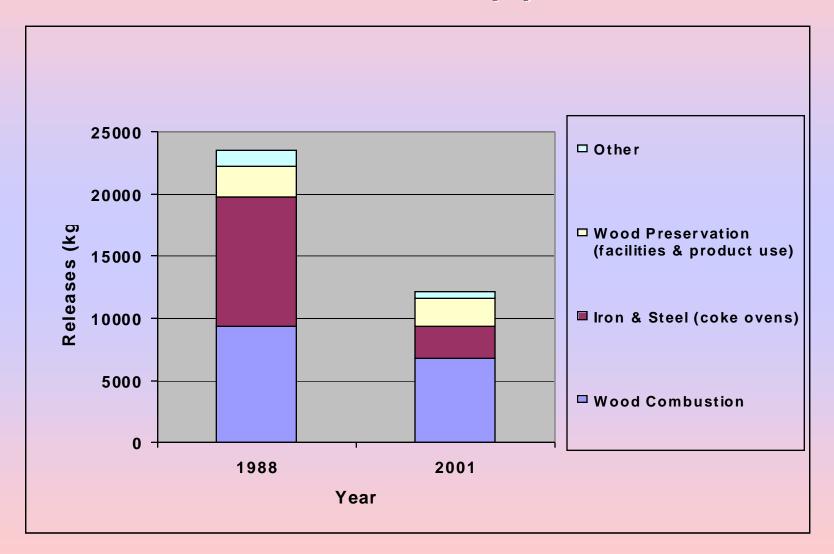
HCB:

- Chlorinated solvents and pesticides manufacturing
- **■** Chlorine production
- Pesticide applications
- **■** Waste incineration





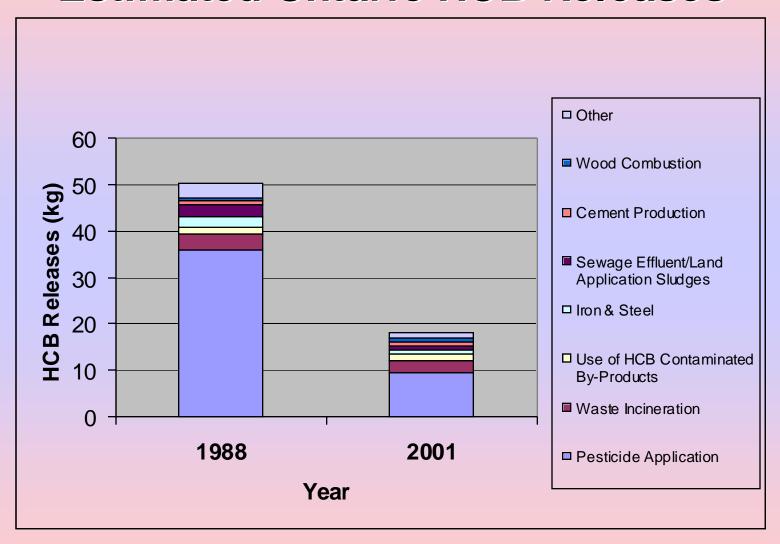
Estimated Ontario B(a)P Releases







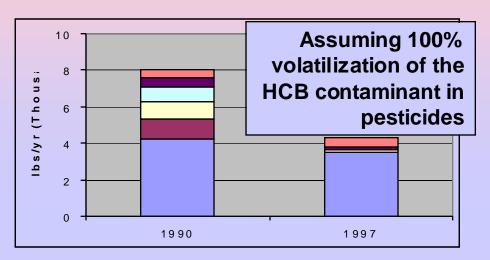
Estimated Ontario HCB Releases

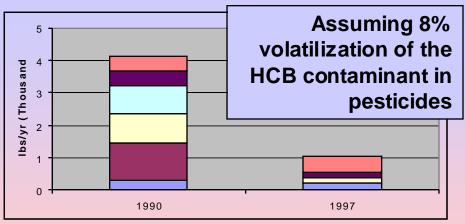






Estimated U.S. HCB Emissions







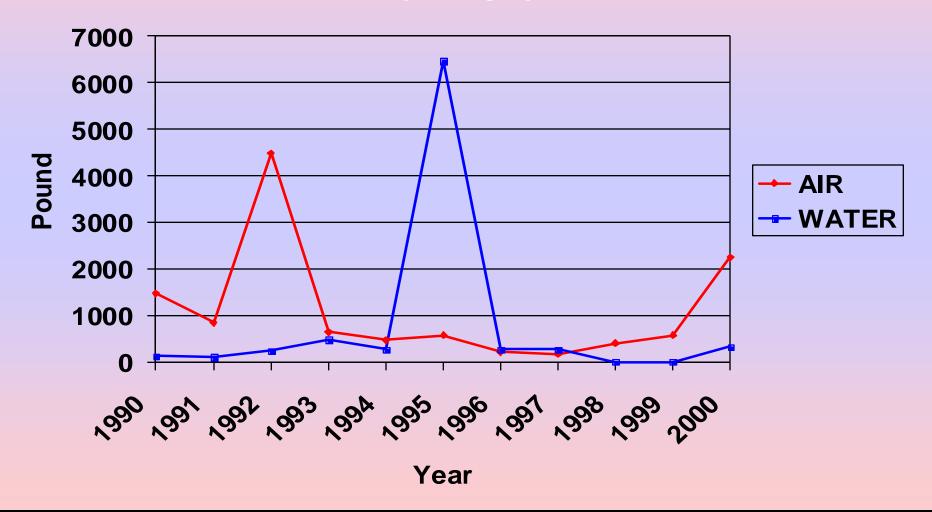
Sources:

EPA 1990 and 1996 National Toxics Inventory data updated with recent TRI data and other information





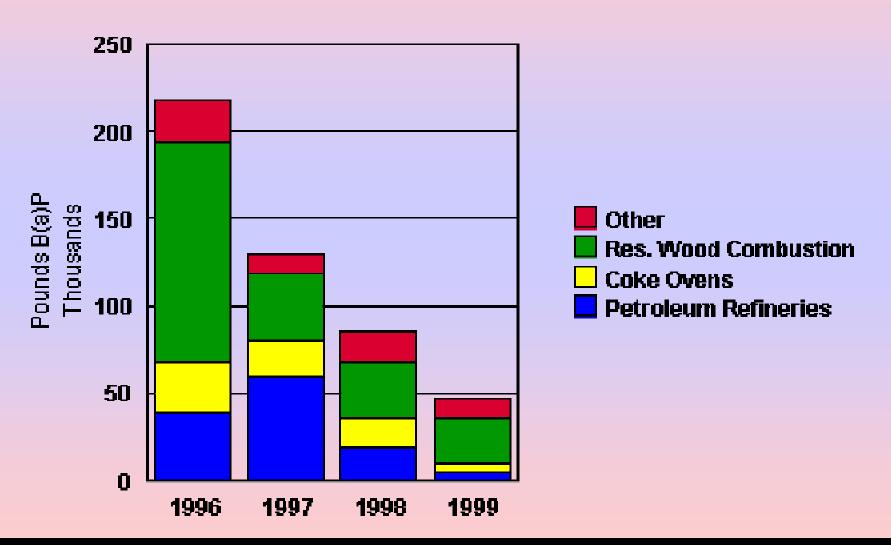
U.S. HCB TRI-Reported Emissions (lbs/yr)







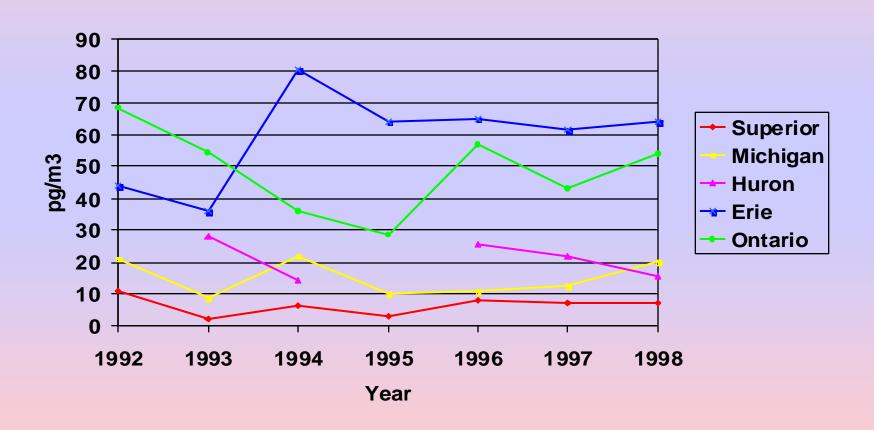
Great Lakes B(a)P Emissions







Concentrations of B(a)P in Particulate Phase (IADN Monitoring Data)







Barriers

- Lack of chemical use and emission data
- Missing B(a)P sources as reflected by Air Quality
 Trend Data
- Many source sectors
- Need to recruit Work Group members
- Need to initiate more sector-specific projects





Upcoming Activities

- Working with pesticides, auto manufacturing and other sectors to refine release estimates
- Meet with facilities not reporting or with "Low Confidence" NPRI estimates
- Voluntary stack testing
- New prevention projects e.g., scrap tires
- Continue outreach on residential wood combustion
 - Conduct more "Burn it Smart!" workshops in Ontario
 - Evaluate possibility of similar workshops in U.S.



